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ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, ?

RICHMOND, April 6, 1863.

GENERAL OLDERS, No. 37.

1. The following Act of Congress, concerning "impressments," and the instructions of the War Department respecting it, are published for the information and direction of all concerned:

"Whenever the exigencies of any army in the field are such as to make impressments of forage, articles of subsistence or other property absolutely necessary, then such impressments may be made by the officer or officers whose duty it is to furnish such forage, articles of subsistence or other property for such army. In cases where the owner of such property and the impressing officer cannot agree upon the value thereof, it shall be the duty of such impressing officer Capon an affidavit in writing of the owner of such property, or his agent, that such property was grown, raised or produced by said owner, or is held or has been purchased by him, not for sale or speculation, but for his own use or consumption to cause the same to be ascertained and determined by the judgment of two loyal and disinterested citizens of the city, county or parish in which such impressments may be made—one to be selected by the owner; one by the impressing officer; and in the event of their disagreement, these two shall choose an umpire of like qualifications, whose decision shall be final. The persons thus selected, after taking an oath to appraise the property impressed, fairly and impartially (which oath, as well as the affidavit provided for in this section, the impressing officer is hereby authorized to administer and certify,) shall proceed to assess just compensation for the property so impressed, whether the absolute ownership or the temporary use thereof only is required.

"Sec. 2. That the officer or person impressing property as aforesaid, shall, at the time of said taking, pay to the owner, his agent or attorney, the compensation fixed by said appraisers; and shall also give to the owner, or person controlling said property, a certificate, over his official signature, specifying the battalion, regiment, brigade, division or corps to which he belongs, that said property is essential for the use of the army, could not be otherwise procured, and was taken through absolute necessity; setting forth the time and place when and where taken, the amount of compensation fixed by said appraisers, and the sum, if any, paid for the same. Said certificate shall be evidence for the owner, as well of the taking of said property for the public use, as the right of the owner to the amount of compensation fixed as aforesaid. And in case said officer or person taking said property shall have failed to pay the owner or his agent said compensation as herein before required, then said owner shall be entitled to the speedy payment of the same by the proper disbursing officer; which, when so paid, shall be in full satisfaction of

all claim against the government of the Confederate States.

"SEC. 3. Whenever the appraisement provided for in the first section of this act shall, for any reason, be impracticable at the time of said impressment, then and in that case the value of the property impressed shall be assessed as soon as possible by two loyal and disinterested citizens of the city, county or parish, wherein the property was taken, chosen as follows: One by the owner, and one by the Commissary or Quartermaster General, or his agent, in case of disagreement, shall choose a third citizen of like qualifications, as an umpire, to decide the matters in dispute, who shall be sworn as aforesaid, who shall hear the proofs adduced by the parties as to the value of said property, and assess a just compensation therefor, according to the testimony.

"Sec. 4. That whenever the Secretary of War shall be of opinion that it is necessary to take private property for publicuse, by reason of the impracticability of procuring the same by purchase, so as to accumulate necessary supplies for the army, or the good of the service, in any locality, he may, by general ord r, through the proper subordinate officers, authorize such preparty to be taken for the public use: the compensation due the owner for the same to be determined and the value fixed as provided for in the first and second sections of this act.

"SEC. 5. That it shall be the duty of the President, as early as practicable after the passage of this act, to appoint a commissioner in each state where property shall be taken for the public u.e. and request the Governor of such of the states in which the President shall appoint said commissioner, to appoint another commissioner, to act in conjunction with the commissioner appointed by the President, who shall receive the compensation of eight dollars per day, and ten cents per mile as mileage, to be paid by the Confederate Government. Said commissioners shall constitute a board, whose duty it shall be to fix upon the prices to be paid by the government for all property impressed or taken for the public use as aforesaid, so as to afford just compensation to the owners thereof. Said commissioners shall agree upon and publish a schedule of prices every two months, or oftener if they shall deem it proper; and in the event they shall not be able to agree in any matter confided to them in this act, they shall have power to appoint an umpire to decide the matter in dispute, whose decision shall be the decision of the board; and said umpire shall a ceive the same rate of compensation for the time he shall serve, allowed to said commissioners respectively; Provided, that said commissioners shall be we item to of the state for which they shall be appointed; and if the Governor of any state shall refuse or neglect to appoint said commissioner within ten days after a request to do so by the President, then the President shall appoint both commissioners, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

"SEC. 6. That all property impressed or taken for the public use, as aforesaid, in the hands of any person other than the persons who have raised, grown or produced the same, or persons holding the same for their own use or consumption, and who shall make the affidavit as herein before required, shall be paid for according to the schedule of prices fixed by the commissioners as atoresaid. But if the officer impressing or taking for the public use such property, and the owner, shall differ as to the quality of the article or property impressed or taken as aforesaid, thereby making it fall within a higher or lower price named in the schedule, then the owner or agent and the officer impressing or taking, as aforesaid, may select each a loyal and disinterested citizen, of the qualifications as aforesaid to determine the quality of said article or property, who shall, in case of disagreement, appoint an umpire of like qualifications, and his decision, if approved by the officer impressing, shall be final; but if not approved, the impressing officer shall send the award to the commissioners of the tate where the property is impressed, and his reasons for disapproving the same, and said commissioners may hear such proofs as the parties may respect ively adduce, and their decision shall be final; Provided, that the owner may occive the price offered by the impressing officer, without prejudice to his claim to receive the higher compensation.

**SEC. 7. That the properly necessary for the support of the owner and his family, and to carry on his ordinary agricultural and mechanical business, to be ascertained by the appraisers, to be appointed as provided in the first section of this act, under oath, shall not be taken or impressed for the public as ; and when the impressing officer and the owner cannot agree as to the quantity of property necessary as aforesaid, then the decision of the said ans

praisers shall be binding on the officer and all other persons.

"SEC. 8. Where properly has been impressed for temporary use, and is lost or destroyed, without the default of the owner, the Government of the Confederate States shall pay a just compensation therefor; to be ascertained by appraisers appointed and qualified as provided in the first section of this act. If such property, when returned has, in the opinion of the owner, been injured whilst in the public use, the amount of damage thereby sustained shall be determined in the manner prescribed in the third section of this act, the officer centraling the property being authorized to act on behalf of the government; and upon such enquiry, the certificate of the value of the property, when againally impressed, shall be received as prima facie evidence of the value thereof.

(Signature). When alayes are impressed by the Confederate Government to those on fortifications or other public works, the impressment shall be made by said government according to the rules and regulations, provided in the have of the state wherein they are impressed; and in the absence of such law, in accordance with such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, as the Secretary of War shall, from time to time, prescribe; Provided, that no impressment of slaves shall be made when they can be hired or procured by the consent of the owner or agent.

"Sec. 10. That previous to the first day of December next, no slave laboring on a farm or plantation exclusively devoted to the production of grain and provisions, shall be taken for the public use, without the consent of the owner, except in case of argent necessity,

"SEC. 11. That any commissioned or non-commissioned officer or private who shall violate the previsions of this act, shall be tried before the military court of the corps to which he is attached, on complaint made by the owner or other person; and on conviction, if an officer, he shall be cashiered and put into the ranks as a private; and if a non-commissioned officer or private, he shall antier such punishment, not inconsistent with military law, as the court may direct."

II.—I. By the authority of the act of congress aforesaid, the Secretary of War hereby recognizes impressment as a legal and operative mode of securing necessary supplies of subsistence, medical and quartermaster's stores for the armies of the Confederate States in the field, and to accumulate them in magazines; posts and depots, owing to the impracticability of procuring them by contract.

2. Impressments may be made under orders from Generals commanding armies, departments, corps, divisions, brigades, and by commanders of detached parties and posts, when a necessity arises: which orders may be executed by quartermasters, commissaries or medical purveyors and their subordinates, for their respective departments.

The Quartermaster General, Commissary General and Surgeon General may designate the officers and persons who shall be competent to make im-

pressments to accumulate supplies at posts and depots.

 No officer or agent shall impress the necessary supplies which any person may have for the consumption of himself, his family, employees, slaves, or to carry on his ordinary mechanical, manufacturing or agricultural employments.

4. Before any impressment of property shall take place, the impressing officer or his agent shall make an offer, addressed to the owner, his bailee or other ageut, to purchase the property, describing the property he wishes to purchase, the price to be paid, and the mode of payment, whether in money, or by certificate, and stating that upon the refusal of the price offered, that compensation for the property will be made according to the act of congress aforesaid, for the regulation of impressments; which notice shall bind the said property until the completion of the negotiation for the sale or appropriation thereof, so that there can be no removal or transfer of the same.

5. In the event of the refusal of the price offered, the impressing officer shall proceed to settle the compensation to be paid, according to the first section of the act aforesaid, if the property belongs to a person who has grown, raised, or produced the same, or who holds or has purchased the same for his own use or consumption; but the said property shall be paid for according to the 5th section of the act aforesaid, if the property is held for sale or other purposes than those before mentioned.

6. That the property shall remain in the possession of the owner, his bailed or agent, and at his risk, during the pendency of the proceedings for the ascertainment of the compensation, unless it shall be otherwise agreed to, or unless some urgent necessity shall require the possession of the property to be changed. In case of a change of possession, the Confederate States shall be regarded as the owner, and the property shall be held for their account and risk.

7. The impressing officer shall, at the date of the impressment, pay to the owner, his agent or attorney in fact, the compensation agreed upon, if it be practicable; but if he cannot do so, he shall give a certificate, according to the second section of the act aforesaid; which shall be paid upon presentation to he disbursing officers, who shall be designated for that purpose.

8. Impressments, which shall be made before the appointment of the com-

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missioners designated in the 5th section of the act aforesaid, shall not with standing be legal, and in the cases provided for by that section, a portion of the property shall be retained as samples, so that the price may be settled and compensation adjusted according to the provisions of the same.

By order,

S. COOPER, Adjutant and Inspector General.

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, April 10, 1863.

General Orders, No. 39.

I. That in all cases of impressment heretofore made under the authority of any of the persons mentioned in Par. 2d of Sec. 11, of General Orders, No. 37, in which the property impressed is either in the possession of the owner or of the impressing officer or his subordinates, and the compensation therefor shall not have been adjusted, and it shall be necessary to determine the compensation to be made, it shall be lawful to employ the rules and agencies provided in the act of congress concerning impressment, and the General Orders aforesaid for that purpose, in the same manner and under the same circumstances as if the impressment had been made since the date of the same.

By order.

*S. COOPER, Adjutant and Inspector General.

ADJUTANT AND INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, May 1, 1863.

General Orders, No. 53.

The following Act of Congress, approved by the President, is published for the information and direction of all concerned, in connection with the Act relating to impressments, heretofore announced in General Orders, No. 37, from the Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, April 6th, 1863, and as supplementary to said Act:

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED AN ACT TO REGULATE IMPRESSMENTS BY OFFICERS OF THE ARMY.

"The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact, That in all cases of appraisement provided for in said act, the officer impressing the property shall, if he believe the appraisement to be fair and just, endorse upon it his approval; if not, he shall endorse upon it his reasons for refusing, and deliver the same, with a receipt for the property impressed, to the owner, his agent or attorney, and, as soon as practicable, forward a copy of the receipt and appraisement, and his endorsement thereon, to the board of appraisers appointed by the President and Governor of the State, who shall revise the same, and make final valuation, so as to give just compensation for the property taken; which valuation shall be paid by the proper department for use of which the property was taken, on the certificate of the appraisers, as provided in the act of which this is amendatory." [Approved, April 27, 1863.]

By order,

S. COOPER,
Adjutant and Inspector General.

XXI. The following named persons have been appointed appraisers under the impressment act:

> E. W. Hubard, Virginia. Henry K. Burgwyn, North Carolina. B. F. Perry, South Carolina. John E. Morgan, Georgia. John Finlayson, Florida. R. C. Faris, Alabama. J. W. C. Watson, Mississippi. Richard Nugent, Louisiana. Wm. R. D. Ward, Texas. Wm. C. Benery, Arkansas. Wm. E. Travis, Tennessee.

> > By command of the Secretary of War.

JOHN WITHERS, A. A. General,

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, I RICHMOND, May 18, 1863.

1 Impressments made either to supply the immediate wants of an army in the field, or to accumulate quartermaster's supplies in depots, must always be made through officers of this department, or their subordinates, and not by company or regimental officers.

2. Authorities granted by the Quartermaster General will be in writing; and when an impressment is made under orders from a commanding officer of a post or detachment, the certificate of the impressing officer must describe him as such, stating the name of the post, or of the command to which the

detachment belongs.

No. 92.

3. When it shall be impracticable to appraise property at the date of the impressment, any officer of this department, on the presentation of certificates in Form No. 2, signed by a quartermaster or impressing agent, may act on behalf of the Quartermaster General, and proceed to have an appraisement made in accordance with section 3 of the above act.

4. In no case will any officer causing an appraisement to be made of impressed property, fail to endorse thereon his approval, or disapproval with

reason therefor, as required by law.

5. The schedule of prices, established every two months or oftener, by the Board of Commissioners for each State, will be published in the daily papers for the information of parties making impressments; and no officer or agent will pay, or approve for payment, any local appraisement materially in excess thereof, but will always refer the same to the board for its revision and a final valuation.

6. Slaves can be impressed only for the purposes mentioned in section 9 of the act, and subject to the provisions of that and the section immediately

following it.

7. Any supplies needed by this department, and tendered thereto by the authorities of any county, or a committee therein, in accordance with the spirit of the President's Proclamation and the Regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, will be accepted by quartermasters, and paid for at prices not exceeding those announced in the schedule adopted by the Board of Com-

8. The following Forms, described as Impressment Forms, Nos. 1, 2, 3, may be obtained, as other forms are had, on requisitions; or they may be printed by officers in eases of necessity. They should be closely adhered to:

(VOUCHER TO ABSTRACT A.)

THE CONFEDERATE STATES, To _______, Dr.

Date.

Received at —, the — of —, 186—, of —, Quartermaster, C. S. Army, — dollars and — cents, in full of the above account.

Credit by this amount paid by .

Certificate of Impressment.

1 certify, that by virtue of authority from _______, I have impressed, this _______, day of _______, state of _______, the following snpplies, the property of _______, to wit:

that the same are essential for the use of the army, could not be otherwise procured, and were taken through absolute necessity. I further certify that said — (or — his agent) having been duly, sworn, made the affidavit that entitles him to a local assessment; whereupon, the property was duly appraised, and herein after set forth at — dollars; and that the sum of — dollars has been paid on account thereof.

Quartermaster,
Regt. — Brigade,
(Or Agent.)

Certificate of Appraisement.

We, the undersigned, chosen by — on the one part, and by — on the other part, being first duly sworn, do, this — day of — , 186—, appraise the above impressed property at the following rates, to wit:

making in the aggregate the sum of ——— dollars.
Witness our hands and seals.

[SEAL.] [SEAL.]

Approval or Disapproval of Officer.

(VOPCHER TO ABSTRACT A.)

10/11/210. 4.	Troperty	empre socn	conte	and appraised.
THE CONFEDERATE STATES				

	То — ,	· Dr.
Date.		
Credi	it by this amount paid by —	
		*
Received at — termaster C. S. Army	, the day of dollars and cents,	— 186—, of ——, Qua, in full of above account.
I certify, that by day of ifollowing supplies, p	Certificate of Impressments virtue of authority from — 86, at — , county of - roperty of — , to wit: —	
procured, and were to said —— (or —— his	ential for the use of the army deen through absolute neces agent) having been duly sw I appraisement, but that the s	sity. I further certify tha orn, made the affidavit tha
The sum of —— doll	ars is paid on account thereof	, Quarlermaster, Regiment, Brigade. (Or Agent.)
		(Dr. Agent.)
W. al	Certificate of Appraiseme	nt.
half of the Quarterm this —— day of ——	rned, chosen by —— on the o aster General on the other, —186—, appraise the above	nt. me part, and by —— on be being first duly sworn, de
half of the Quarterm this — day of — following rates, to w	gned, chosen by —— on the object. General on the other, — 185—, appraise the above it: ———	nt. me part, and by —— on be being first duly sworn, de
half of the Quarterm this —— day of —— following rates, to w making in the aggreg	rned, chosen by —— on the o aster General on the other, —186—, appraise the above	nt. one part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the
half of the Quarterm this —— day of —— following rates, to w making in the aggreg	gned, chosen by —— on the obaster General on the other, —186—, appraise the above it: ———————————————————————————————————	nt. me part, and by —— on be being first duly sworn, de
half of the Quarterm this — day of — following rates, to w making in the aggreg Witness	gned, chosen by —— on the obaster General on the other, —186—, appraise the above it: ———————————————————————————————————	nt. me part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL
half of the Quarterm this — day of — following rates, to w making in the aggreg Witness The above appra	gned, chosen by —— on the of aster General on the other, —186—, appraise the above it: ———————————————————————————————————	nt. ne part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the SEAL SEAL SEAL Dictr. ————, Quartermaster . A.)
half of the Quarterm this — day of — following rates, to w making in the aggreg Witness The above appra	gned, chosen by — on the ofaster General on the other, 186—, appraise the above it: gate the sum of — dollars, sour hands and seals. Approval or Disapproval of Cisement is hereby — (VOUCHER TO ABSTRACT Property impressed, and to be p	nt. ne part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the SEAL SEAL SEAL Dictr. ————, Quartermaster . A.)
half of the Quarterm this — day of following rates, to w making in the aggreg Witness The above appra	gned, chosen by — on the oaster General on the other, 186—, appraise the above it: gate the sum of — dollars, our hands and seals. Approval or Disapproval of Gisenent is hereby — (Voucher to Abstract Property impressed, and to be parents.)	nt. ne part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL A.) and for ander Schedule.
half of the Quarterm this — day of following rates, to w making in the aggreg Witness The above appra Form No. 3.—1 The Confederate St.	gned, chosen by — on the oaster General on the other, 186—, appraise the above it: gate the sum of — dollars, our hands and seals. Approval or Disapproval of Gisenent is hereby — (Voucher to Abstract Property impressed, and to be parents.)	nt. ne part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL A.) and for ander Schedule.
half of the Quarterm this — day of following rates, to w making in the aggreg Witness The above appra Form No. 3.—1 Date.	gned, chosen by — on the oaster General on the other, 186—, appraise the above it: gate the sum of — dollars, our hands and seals. Approval or Disapproval of Gisenent is hereby — (Voucher to Abstract Property impressed, and to be parents.)	nt. ne part, and by —— on being first duly sworn, de impressed property at the SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL SEAL A.) and for ander Schedule.

Received at ——, the —— day of ——, 186—, of ———, Quarter-master, C. S. Army, —— dollars and —— cents, in full of above account.

Certificate of Impressment.

I certify, that by virtue of authority from ----. I have impressed, this day of _____186__, at ____, county of _____, state of _____, the following dies, the property of ______, to wit: _____ supplies, the property of -

that the same are essential for the use of the army; could not be otherwise procured, and were taken through absolute necessity. I further certify, that said - (or - his agent,) having refused to take the oath required by law to secure him a local appraisement, is entitled to payment at the schedule rates established by the Board of Commissioners, to wit;

inaking in the aggregate the sum of - dollars; and that the sum of dollars is paid on account thereof, -- . Quartermaster,

Regt. — Brigade, (Or Agent.)

9. The above accounts, when paid, will form vouchers as for purchases to Abstract A, and the property received will be charged to the impressing officer, and must be taken up by him in his returns, and accounted for as in the case of ordinary purchase.

10. When partial payment only is made by the impressing officer, vouchers therefor may be taken in the ordinary way, in Form No. 12, stating on the face thereof that the property was impressed and that the payment is made on account instead of in full.

11. In the exceptional cases, as with transportation, when the temporary use only of the property is impressed, the above forms can be so modified as to show that fact, and the rate of hire as well as the value of the property should be stated. Any subsequent appraisement to determine the value of alleged injury to the property while in the use of the government, should be endorsed on the original certificate.

12. General Orders, No. 39, apply only when the property remains on hand. Supplies impressed prior to the date of the impressment act, March 26. 1863, and consumed, will be paid for as heretofore, subject to the rates

announced in the schedule adopted by the War Department.

13. In determining the values to be paid under the schedules of the Board of Commissioners, reference will be had to the prices specified therein at the

date of the impressment, and not that of payment.

14. When irregular impressments or purchases are made by regimental or company officers, and so youched as to come within the rule prescribed by the comptroller (see Appendix to New Regulations Q. M. Dept. p. 186,) the property may be paid for by any quartermaster, at rates not exceeding those

established by the schedule of the Board of Commissioners.

15. When the claim is not immediately paid, and the certificate shows either that the owner is entitled to schedule prices, or that no appraisement was had at the time of the impressment, or that the local appraisement had is approved, the above form in duplicate shall be delivered to the claimant. But when the local appraisement is not approved, one youther shall be delivered, to the claimant, and the other shall be forwarded to the Board of Commissioners. When the latter is endorsed with the Board's final valuation, and returned for payment, the paying officer will take up with it the duplicate in the possession of the claimant.

> A. C. MYERS. Quartermaster General.

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